Creation Date 01-Sep-2012

Revision Date 01-Sep-2020

**Revision Number** 8

## SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

11	Product identifier
1.1.1	

Product Description:	<u>Oleum 23% &amp; 65%</u>
Cat No. :	S/9440/PB08, S/9440/PB17
Synonyms	Fuming Sulphuric Acid
CAS-No	8014-95-7
Molecular Formula	H2 O4 S . S O3
Unique Formula Identifier (UFI)	QK0T-CYH9-XW0Q-AFPG

## 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended Use	Laboratory & Industrial chemicals.
Uses advised against	No Information available

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

Guljag Industries Limited Nahata Bhawan Chopasni Road Jodhpur – 342 003

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Tel: 0091-291-712-7123

## **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Physical hazards

#### Oleum 23% & 65%

Category 2 (H330)

Category 1 (H318)

Category 3 (H335)

Category 1 A (H314)

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

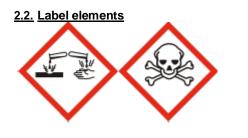
#### **Health hazards**

Acute Inhalation Toxicity - Vapors Skin Corrosion/Irritation Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Specific target organ toxicity - (single exposure)

#### Environmental hazards

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16



Signal Word

Danger

#### Hazard Statements

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage H335 - May cause respiratory irritation H330 - Fatal if inhaled EUH014 - Reacts violently with water

#### **Precautionary Statements**

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P301 + P330 + P331 - IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting

P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower P304 + P340 - IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician

#### 2.3. Other hazards

## **SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

#### 3.2. Mixtures

Component	CAS-No	EC-No.	Weight %	CLP Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
Sulfur trioxide	7446-11-9	EEC No. 231-197-3	23 & 65	Skin Corr. 1A (H314) Eye Dam. 1 (H318) STOT SE 3 (H335) EUH014

#### Oleum 23% & 65%

#### Revision Date 01-Sep-2020-

Sulfuric acid, fuming	8014-95-7	80	Skin Corr. 1A (H314)
			Eye Dam. 1 (H318)
			STOT SE 3 (H335)
			Acute Tox. 2 (H330)
			EUH014

Full text of Hazard Statements: see section 16

## **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

Eye Contact	Immediate medical attention is required. Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes.		
Skin Contact	Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Immediate medical attention is required.		
Ingestion	Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.		
Inhalation	Remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. Immediate medical attention is required.		
Self-Protection of the First Aider	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination.		
4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed			
	Causes burns by all exposure routes Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation		
4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed			

Notes to Physician Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

## Suitable Extinguishing Media

Carbon dioxide (CO 2). Dry chemical.

# Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons Water.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Contact with water liberates toxic gas. Water reactive. Produce flammable gases on contact with water.

## Hazardous Combustion Products

Sulfur oxides.

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

## SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Use personal protective equipment as required. Ensure adequate ventilation. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not use metal tools or equipment. DO NOT GET WATER on spilled substance or inside containers

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Should not be released into the environment. Prevent product from entering drains. Keep out of waterways. See Section 12 for additional Ecological Information.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Use personal protective equipment as required. Provide adequate ventilation. Neutralize with lime milk or soda and flush with plenty of water. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Sweep up and shovel into suitable containers for disposal. Keep from any possible contact with water, because of violent reaction and possible flash fire. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 8 and 13.

## SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Wear personal protective equipment/face protection. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance. Do not allow contact with water because of violent reaction. Handle under inert gas, protect from moisture.

#### Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Remove and wash contaminated clothing and gloves, including the inside, before re-use. Wash hands before breaks and after work.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Protect from moisture. Corrosives area.

Technical Rules for Hazardous Substances (TRGS) 510 Storage Class (LGK) Class 6.1B (Germany)

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use in laboratories

## **SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

#### 8.1. Control parameters

#### **Exposure limits**

List source(s):

#### **Biological limit values**

This product, as supplied, does not contain any hazardous materials with biological limits established by the region specific regulatory bodies

#### Monitoring methods

BS EN 14042:2003 Title Identifier: Workplace atmospheres. Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents.

#### Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) No information available

Route of exposure	Acute effects (local)	Acute effects (systemic)	Chronic effects (local)	Chronic effects (systemic)
Oral			ι, γ	
Dermal				
Inhalation				

# Predicted No Effect Concentration No information available. (PNEC)

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

#### **Engineering Measures**

Use only under a chemical fume hood. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Wherever possible, engineering control measures such as the isolation or enclosure of the process, the introduction of process or equipment changes to minimise release or contact, and the use of properly designed ventilation systems, should be adopted to control hazardous materials at source

#### Personal protective equipment

Eye Protection	Goggles (European standard - EN 166)
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Hand Protection Protective gloves

Glove material	Breakthrough time	Glove thickness	EU standard	Glove comments
Butyl rubber	See manufacturers	-	EN 374	(minimum requirement)
	recommendations			
Oline and be demonstration				

Skin and body protection Wear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure

Inspect gloves before use.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. (Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information)

Ensure gloves are suitable for the task: Chemical compatability, Dexterity, Operational conditions, User susceptibility, e.g. sensitisation effects, also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion.

Remove gloves with care avoiding skin contamination.

Respiratory Protection	When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators. To protect the wearer, respiratory protective equipment must be the correct fit and be used and maintained properly
Large scale/emergency use	Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 136 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced <b>Recommended Filter type:</b> Particulates filter conforming to EN 143 Acid gases filter Type

## SAFETY DATA SHEET Sulfuric acid, fuming contains ca. 20% sulfur trioxide

	E Yellow conforming to EN14387
Small scale/Laboratory use	Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149:2001 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced. <b>Recommended half mask:-</b> Valve filtering: EN405; or; Half mask: EN140; plus filter, EN 141 When RPE is used a face piece Fit Test should be conducted

Environmental exposure controls No information available.

## SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical State	Liquid	
Appearance Odor Odor Threshold Melting Point/Range Softening Point Boiling Point/Range Flammability (liquid) Flammability (solid,gas) Explosion Limits	Light brown pungent No data available 2 °C / 35.6 °F No data available 138 °C / 280.4 °F No data available Not applicable No data available	@ 760 mmHg Liquid
Flash Point Autoignition Temperature Decomposition Temperature pH Viscosity Water Solubility Solubility in other solvents Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/wate	No information available No data available No data available No information available No data available Miscible No information available	<b>Method -</b> No information available
Vapor Pressure Density / Specific Gravity Bulk Density Vapor Density Particle characteristics	1 mmHg @ 146 °C 1.920 Not applicable 3 (Air = 1.0) Not applicable (liquid)	Liquid (Air = 1.0)
9.2. Other information		
Molecular Formula	H2 O4 S . S O3	

178.14

<b>SECTION 10:</b>	STABILITY /	AND REACTIVITY
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<u>10.1.</u> <u>Reactivity</u>	Yes
10.2. Chemical stability	Hygroscopic. Reacts violently with water, liberating extremely flammable gases.
10.3. Possibility of hazardous re	actions
Hazardous Polymerization Hazardous Reactions	Hazardous polymerization does not occur. No information available.

Molecular Weight

Sulfuric acid,	fuming	contains of	ca. 20%	sulfur t	rioxide
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10.4. Conditions to avoid	Incompatible products. Exposure to moist air or water.
10.5. Incompatible materials	Bases. Strong oxidizing agents. Ammonia. Combustible material. Metals. Reducing Agent.

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Sulfur oxides.

## SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

#### Product Information

(a) acute toxicity; Oral

aoato toxioity,	
Oral	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
Dermal	No data available
Inhalation	Category 2

#### Toxicology data for the components

Component	LD50 Oral	LD50 Dermal	LC50 Inhalation
Sulfur trioxide	-	-	LC50 = 1136 mg/m³ ( Rat ) 1 h LC50 = 1375 mg/m³ ( Rat ) 1 h
Sulfuric acid, fuming	LD50 = 2140 mg/kg(Rat)	-	LC50 = 347 ppm (Rat)1 h

- (b) skin corrosion/irritation; Category 1 A
- (c) serious eye damage/irritation; Category 1
- (d) respiratory or skin sensitization;<br/>Respiratory<br/>SkinNo data available<br/>No data available(e) germ cell mutagenicity;No data available
- (f) carcinogenicity; No data available

The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen. Exposure to strong inorganic mists containing sulfuric acid may cause cancer by inhalation.

Component	EU	UK	Germany	IARC
Sulfur trioxide				Group 1
Sulfuric acid, fuming				Group 1

(g) reproductive toxicity;	No data available
(h) STOT-single exposure;	Category 3
Results / Target organs	Respiratory system.

Revision Date 03-Jan-2021

(i) STOT-repeated exposure;	No data available
Target Organs	No information available.
(j) aspiration hazard;	No data available
Other Adverse Effects	See actual entry in RTECS for complete information
Symptoms / effects,both acute and delayed	Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated. Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation.

### 11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine Disrupting Properties	Assess endocrine disrupting properties for human health.	This product does not contain any
	known or suspected endocrine disruptors.	

## **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

12.1. Toxicity	
Ecotoxicity effects	Reacts with water so no ecotoxicity data for the substance is available. Do not flush into
	surface water or sanitary sewer system.

<u>12.2.</u> <u>Persistence and degradability</u> Persistence	Miscible with water, Persistence is unlikely, based on information available.
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential	Bioaccumulation is unlikely
<u>12.4.</u> Mobility in soil	The product is water soluble, and may spread in water systems Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its water solubility. Highly mobile in soils
<u>12.5.</u> <u>Results of PBT and vPvB</u> assessment	No data available for assessment.
<u>12.6.</u> <u>Endocrine disrupting</u> properties Endocrine Disruptor Information	This product does not contain any known or suspected endocrine disruptors
<u>12.7. Other adverse effects</u> Persistent Organic Pollutant Ozone Depletion Potential	This product does not contain any known or suspected substance This product does not contain any known or suspected substance

## **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from Residues/Unused Products	Waste is classified as hazardous. Dispose of in accordance with the European Directives on waste and hazardous waste. Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.
Contaminated Packaging	Dispose of this container to hazardous or special waste collection point.

European Waste Catalogue (EWC)According to the European Waste Catalog, Waste Codes are not product specific, but<br/>application specific.Other InformationWaste codes should be assigned by the user based on the application for which the product<br/>was used. Do not empty into drains. Do not flush to sewer. Large amounts will affect pH<br/>and harm aquatic organisms.

**SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION** 

#### IMDG/IMO

<u>14.1. UN number</u> <u>14.2. UN proper shipping name</u> <u>14.3. Transport hazard class(es)</u> Subsidiary Hazard Class <u>14.4. Packing group</u>	UN1831 SULPHURIC ACID, FUMING 8 6.1 I
ADR	
<u>14.1. UN number</u> <u>14.2. UN proper shipping name</u> <u>14.3. Transport hazard class(es)</u> Subsidiary Hazard Class <u>14.4. Packing group</u>	UN1831 SULPHURIC ACID, FUMING 8 6.1 I
IATA	FORBIDDEN FOR IATA TRANSPORT
<u>14.1. UN number</u> <u>14.2. UN proper shipping name</u> <u>14.3. Transport hazard class(es)</u> Subsidiary Hazard Class <u>14.4. Packing group</u>	UN1831 SULPHURIC ACID, FUMING; FORBIDDEN FOR IATA TRANSPORT 8 6.1
14.5. Environmental hazards	No hazards identified
14.6. Special precautions for user	No special precautions required
14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	Not applicable, packaged goods

## **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

#### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### International Inventories

X = listed, Europe (EINECS/ELINCS/NLP), U.S.A. (TSCA), Canada (DSL/NDSL), Philippines (PICCS), China (IECSC), Japan (ENCS), Australia (AICS), Korea (ECL).

Component	EINECS	ELINCS	NLP	TSCA	DSL	NDSL	PICCS	ENCS	IECSC	AICS	KECL
Sulfur trioxide	231-197-3	-		х	Х	-	Х	Х	Х	Х	KE-3269 0
Sulfuric acid, fuming	-	-		-	-	-	Х	Х	Х	Х	KE-1730 7

Component	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Major Accident Notification	Seveso III Directive (2012/18/EC) - Qualifying Quantities for Safety Report Requirements
Sulfur trioxide	15 tonne	75 tonne

#### Sulfuric acid, fuming contains ca. 20% sulfur trioxide

# Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals

Not applicable

#### **National Regulations**

#### **WGK Classification**

Water endangering class = 1 (self classification)

Component	Germany - Water Classification (VwVwS)	Germany - TA-Luft Class
Sulfur trioxide	WGK1	
Sulfuric acid, fuming	WGK1	

UK - Take note of Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations (COSHH) 2002 and 2005 Amendment

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Chemical Safety Assessment/Reports (CSA/CSR) are not required for mixtures

## **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

#### Full text of H-Statements referred to under sections 2 and 3

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H330 - Fatal if inhaled

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

EUH014 - Reacts violently with water

H318 - Causes serious eye damage

#### Legend

CAS - Chemical Abstracts Service	<b>TSCA</b> - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory			
EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances/EU List of Notified Chemical Substances PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances IECSC - Chinese Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances KECL - Korean Existing and Evaluated Chemical Substances				
<ul> <li>WEL - Workplace Exposure Limit</li> <li>ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists</li> <li>DNEL - Derived No Effect Level</li> <li>RPE - Respiratory Protective Equipment</li> <li>LC50 - Lethal Concentration 50%</li> <li>NOEC - No Observed Effect Concentration</li> <li>PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>TWA - Time Weighted Average</li> <li>IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer</li> <li>Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC)</li> <li>LD50 - Lethal Dose 50%</li> <li>EC50 - Effective Concentration 50%</li> <li>POW - Partition coefficient Octanol:Water</li> <li>vPvB - very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative</li> </ul>			
ADR - European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road IMO/IMDG - International Maritime Organization/International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development BCF - Bioconcentration factor Key literature references and sources for data https://echa.europa.eu/information-on-chemicals Suppliers safety data sheet, Chemadvisor - LOLI, Merck index, R <sup>2</sup>	ICAO/IATA - International Civil Aviation Organization/International Air Transport Association MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate VOC (volatile organic compound)			
Classification and procedure used to derive the classification Physical hazards On basis of test data	n for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:			

Calculation method

Calculation method

**Environmental hazards** 

Health Hazards

#### Sulfuric acid, fuming contains ca. 20% sulfur trioxide

#### **Training Advice**

Chemical hazard awareness training, incorporating labelling, Safety Data Sheets (SDS), Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) and hygiene.

Use of personal protective equipment, covering appropriate selection, compatibility, breakthrough thresholds, care, maintenance, fit and standards.

First aid for chemical exposure, including the use of eye wash and safety showers. Chemical incident response training.

Creation Date	01-Sep-2012
Revision Date	01-Sep-2020
Revision Summary	Update to CLP Format.

#### Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text